THE STEPS TO PEACE (PART I): STANDING FIRM, UNITY, REJOICING AND GENTLENESS

PHILIPPIANS 04:01-05

DIVISION OVERVIEW: (Philippians 04:01-09) Peace

The point of this whole passage (4:1-9) is the peace of God (v. 7) and the presence of the God of peace (v. 9b). There are six steps that a believer must take to maintain the peace of God within his heart and life (see outlines, Ph. 4:1-9). If the believer fails to take these steps, he grieves both the Lord and fellow believers, those who have made a special contribution to his growth, those who look upon him as their "joy and crown" (Ph. 4:1). Unfortunately, when a believer loses his peace with God, several things happen...

- He becomes self-conscious, and sheepishly shy and guilty, and perhaps discouraged and defeated
- He becomes cantankerous, critical, murmuring, grumbling and divisive
- He begins to slip back into sin

The peace he once had with God and man becomes disturbed and restlessness grips his soul. His restlessness stirs him into being a troublemaker or into sin or else it plummets him into despair and defeat. He has failed; therefore, he feels unworthy and unable to walk victoriously with God. This is the importance of this passage: the secret of peace — the peace of God Himself. (See Jn. 14:27.)

Introduction (Phil 04:01–05)

This passage is speaking to Christian believers, not to unbelievers. Unbelievers do not have peace with God. They reject, question, deny, curse and oppose God. God feels no peace between Himself and an unbeliever. No matter how mild the unbeliever's questioning and rejection is, it is still questioning and rejection and not peace. But when an unbeliever surrenders his life and accepts God, peace is made between him and God. Peace rules both within and between the person and God. hi fact, God causes a flood of peace to surge through the heart and life of the new believer.

The question is this: once we have the peace of God flooding our lives, how do we maintain that peace? How do we keep the peace of God ruling and reigning within our souls? How do we stay aware that God's very own presence is within us — stay aware that the God of peace lives within our very being? This is the discussion of this passage: the steps to peace.

- I. Step 1: peace comes through standing firm (v. 1).
- II. Step 2: peace comes through agreement and unity (vv. 2-3).

- III. Step 3: peace comes through rejoicing continually and repeatedly (v. 4).
- IV. Step 4: peace comes through a strong gentleness (v. 5).

I. Philippians 04:01 Standing Firm in the Lord

The first step to peace is standing firm. This verse is a transitional verse between what has been said and what is about to be said. Paul has just said...

- there are enemies of the cross of Christ,
- the believer's citizenship is in heaven,
- the Lord is going to return and take us out of this world into heaven, transforming our bodies;

...therefore, stand firm in the Lord.

However, note how the verse fits in with what is to follow. Verse nine is the conclusion of this section:

Phil 4:9 Whatever you have learned or received or heard from me, or seen in me—put it into practice. And the God of peace will be with you.

If a person wants the *God of peace*, he must do the things which Paul taught and did, and one of the major things he taught was to stand firm in the Lord. If a person wishes the God of peace, he must stand firm in the Lord.

The word *stand firm* (<u>stekete</u>) means simply to stand firm, persist, persevere. It is the picture of a soldier standing firm against the onslaught of an enemy. He refuses to give ground no matter the pressure and strength of attack. He does not flinch; he is not unstable and he is never defeated. The Christian believer is to stand firm...

- no matter how great the trial
- no matter the pressure of the temptation
- no matter the influence, offer and allurement made by others

But how does a believer stand firm? When the temptation to surrender is so appealing and the trial is so terrible, where can the believer find the strength to stand firm? There are two places.

- 1. There is the believer's source of strength: the Lord Himself. Note the words, "Stand firm *in the Lord* "There is only one place the believer can stand firm, and that is "in *the Lord*." The believer must be living and moving and having his being in the Lord: that is, he must be...
 - praying, talking and sharing with the Lord all day long
 - keeping his thoughts upon the Lord: the glorious salvation, hope and mission He has given believers

• serving and ministering for the Lord, bearing testimony of Him and meeting the needs of those who hurt and need help

When a believer is walking *in the Lord* throughout the day, his mind and thoughts are upon the Lord. Therefore, when the temptations and trials come, he is *conscious and aware of the Lord's presence and strength*. He has been thinking and sharing and talking with the Lord — standing and walking in the Lord — all day long: therefore, he is much more able to stand firm against the temptation and trial. This is exactly what is meant by being "in the Lord."

- => Believers are to be walking in prayer and praise all day long. This is what keeps the peace of God dwelling in their lives the "peace of God" that conquers all trials and temptations.
 - **Phil 4:6** Do not be anxious about anything, but in everything, by prayer and petition, with thanksgiving, present your requests to God.
- => Believers are to be walking with their minds upon the Lord and the things that are pure and honorable. This is what gives them a sense that the "God of peace" walks with them the God of peace who gives the believer the power to conquer all trials and temptations.
 - **Phil 4:8-9** Finally, brothers, whatever is true, whatever is noble, whatever is right, whatever is pure, whatever is lovely, whatever is admirable if anything is excellent or praiseworthy think about such things. Whatever you have learned or received or heard from me, or seen in me put it into practice. And the God of peace will be with you.
- => Believers are to actually work at bringing every single thought into subjection to Christ.
 - **2** Cor 10:5 We demolish arguments and every pretension that sets itself up against the knowledge of God, and we take captive every thought to make it obedient to Christ.
 - **Thought 1.** The believer who walks praying and keeping his mind and thoughts upon the Lord is the believer who stands firm in the Lord. Common sense tells us this. There is no way to be "in the Lord" unless we are thinking, talking and walking in the Lord. Very simply we are *in* whatever we are thinking, talking and walking in. The first step to peace is to "stand firm in the Lord."
- 2. There is the encouragement: a minister or brother who loves and cares about his fellow-believer's standing firm. Note how Paul, the minister, feels about his flock how deeply he feels for those under his care:
- => my brothers whom I love.
- => whom I long to see.
- => my joy and crown.

- a. He calls them my "brothers whom I love": they were his brothers and sisters in Christ. They had all trusted Christ as their Saviour and become sons and daughters of the family of God. They were all brothers and sisters of the Lord and Paul is reminding them of this relationship. Therefore, they should all stand firm in the Lord.
- b. He says that he longs to see them. He is in prison and unable to be with them, but his heart is with his dear family, the family of God. Therefore, they need to please his heart by standing firm.
- c. He says they are his "joy and crown." This is probably a reference to the rewards to be given in the glorious day of redemption. The word *crown* (stephanos) refers to the crown or wreath that was given and sat upon the head of a victorious athlete after he had won the victor's crown in his particular event. Paul says that his joy and crown will be the lives of the Philippians themselves when they all appear before Christ. Therefore, if he was to receive the joy and crown of their presence, they must stand firm in the Lord.

The thing to see is this: the need of believers for personal encourage-ment. If believers are to stand firm, they must be loved and cared for by the minister and other believers. Nothing encourages us any more than knowing that we are loved and cared for by others. The love of others stirs us to live like we should and to stand firm against temptation and trial.

Thought 1. Scripture exhorts believers to stand firm in several things.

1) Believers are to stand firm in the faith.

1 Cor 16:13 Be on your guard; stand firm in the faith; be men of courage; be strong.

2) Believers are to stand firm in the freedom of Christ.

Gal 5:1 It is for freedom that Christ has set us free. Stand firm, then, and do not let yourselves be burdened again by a yoke of slavery.

3) Believers are to stand firm in one spirit, striving together for the faith of the gospel.

Phil 1:27 Whatever happens, conduct yourselves in a manner worthy of the gospel of Christ. Then, whether I come and see you or only hear about you in my absence, I will know that you stand firm in one spirit, contending as one man for the faith of the gospel.

4) Believers are to stand firm in the Lord which is the secret of peace.

Phil 4:1 Therefore, my brothers, you whom I love and long for, my joy and crown, that is how you should stand firm in the Lord, dear friends!

5) Believers are to stand firm and hold to the teachings or doctrines that have been taught.

2 Th 2:15 So then, brothers, stand firm and hold to the teachings we passed on to you, whether by word of mouth or by letter.

II. Philippians 04:02-03 Agreement and Unity

The second step to peace is agreement and unity. There is no peace if people are...

arguing

dissenting

bickering

• grumbling

biting

criticizing

brawling

disputing

wrangling

Paul knew this, a fact that is easily seen by all, but too often ignored by some. Paul knew something else as well, something that the Lord Himself knew. There were some in the Philippian church who were being critical, arguing, grumbling and quarrelling. The Lord had already had Paul to charge the believers:

=> To stand firm in one spirit and in defending the gospel.

Phil 1:27 Whatever happens, conduct yourselves in a manner worthy of the gospel of Christ. Then, whether I come and see you or only hear about you in my absence, I will know that you stand firm in one spirit, contending as one man for the faith of the gospel.

=> To love each other and to be of one spirit and purpose.

Phil 2:1-2 If you have any encouragement from being united with Christ, if any comfort from his love, if any fellowship with the Spirit, if any tenderness and compassion, then make my joy complete by being like-minded, having the same love, being one in spirit and purpose.

=> To consider others better than self.

Phil 2:3-4 Do nothing out of selfish ambition or vain conceit, but in humility consider others better than yourselves. Each of you should look not only to your own interests, but also to the interests of others.

1. The plea is for all quarrellers to agree in the Lord. The source of the disturbance in the church was due to two prominent ladies in the church: Euodia and Syntyche. Who they were and what caused the trouble between them is not known. Only one thing is known about them: they were quarrellers — two women who differed and who bickered and argued, criticized and dissented, murmured and grumbled.

Note what Paul did: he pleaded for the two ladies to get their minds together "in the Lord." As stated in the former point, if a person is living and moving and having his being "in the Lord," then he is walking and serving the Lord. He is consumed with the Lord and His mission. There is no time for arguing and divisiveness. In fact, the very opposite is true He has time only for joining hands with others who are living and moving in the Lord — all seeking to fulfill the Lord's mission upon earth. A person walking in the Lord is consumed with keeping the presence of the Lord alive in his

heart and life. His thoughts are upon the Lord and His mission, not upon differences with other believers and arguing and divisiveness.

2. The need is for a true friend, a yokefellow, to step in and help any who are quarrelling. The word *yokefellow* (sunzuge) is thought by some to be a proper name given to some Christians when they were baptized. It was a common practice for believers to be given new names at their baptism in order to symbolize their spiritual birth. Just who this yokefellow was is not known, but he must have been a man deeply respected by the people of the church. His name refers to the *yoke* or *collar* that was fitted around the neck of oxen for plowing. The collar attached the plow and held the two oxen together so that they would pull together and more quickly get the work done. Therefore, "yokefellow" means a person who pulls and works cooperatively with others. The very fact that Paul would ask him to help the two quarreling ladies shows that he was highly esteemed. Paul felt that he cared and that the two quarrellers would listen to him — that he could solve the dispute and bring about reconciliation.

Thought 1. Most churches have one or more *yokefellows*, persons...

- who love and care deeply for others
- who are always helping and ministering to others
- whom God has gifted and appointed to be ministerial helpers to the flock
- who are highly respected and esteemed by most in the congregation

The yokefellow is the person who should step in when quarrels and divisiveness begin to arouse their poisonous heads. The yokefellow is the person especially gifted by God to bring reconciliation and peace to the church.

Note: a message is given to the yokefellow as well as to the two quarrellers. The yokefellow is to help; helping is not an option. God has called and gifted him with a loving and caring nature that was especially suited for this kind of ministry. Therefore, he was to use his gift by stepping forward and doing his best to bring reconciliation and peace. Note also: there are two other reasons why he must help.

- a. The quarrellers were co-laborers in the gospel. They had helped Paul and Clement and others in the church. They needed to be serving in the gospel, not arguing and differing. Therefore, every effort possible had to be exerted in trying to salvage them.
- b. Second, their names were in the Book of Life. They were true believers who had slipped back into a life of sinful divisiveness. Despite their sin, they were true believers; therefore, every effort needed to be made to restore them.

Eph 6:7 Serve wholeheartedly, as if you were serving the Lord, not men.

- Mark 10:43-44 "Not so with you. Instead, whoever wants to become great among you must be your servant, and whoever wants to be first must be slave of all."
- Luke 10:36-37 "Which of these three do you think was a neighbour to the man who fell into the hands of robbers?" The expert in the law replied, "The one who had mercy on him." Jesus told him, "Go and do likewise."
- John 13:14 "Now that I, your Lord and Teacher, have washed your feet, you also should wash one another's feet."
- John 21:16 Again Jesus said, "Simon son of John, do you truly love me?" He answered, "Yes, Lord, you know that I love you." Jesus said, "Take care of my sheep."
- Rom 15:1 We who are strong ought to bear with the failings of the weak and not to please ourselves.
- Gal 6:1-2 Brothers, if someone is caught in a sin, you who are spiritual should restore him gently. But watch yourself, or you also may be tempted. Carry each other's burdens, and in this way you will fulfill the law of Christ.
- *Gal 6:10* Therefore, as we have opportunity, let us do good to all people, especially to those who belong to the family of believers.
- 1 Th 5:14 And we urge you, brothers, warn those who are idle, encourage the timid, help the weak, be patient with everyone.
- Heb 12:28 Therefore, since we are receiving a kingdom that cannot be shaken, let us be thankful, and so worship God acceptably with reverence and awe.
- Jer 3:22 "Return, faithless people; I will cure you of backsliding." "Yes, we will come to you, for you are the Lord our God."
- Hosea 14:4 "I will heal their waywardness and love them freely, for my anger has turned away from them."
- *Micah 7:19* You will again have compassion on us; you will tread our sins underfoot and hurl all our iniquities into the depths of the sea.

III. Philippians 04:04 Rejoicing in the Lord

The third step to peace is that of rejoicing in the Lord. Note that a person is to rejoice always, that is, continually; and then he is to rejoice again, that is, repeatedly.

Remember: Paul is in prison and the church is having a problem with some false teaching. Yet, Paul tells the be-lievers that they are to walk about rejoicing in the Lord. In fact they are to rejoice in the Lord always — no matter the circumstances (see *Rejoicing*, Ph. 3:1).

IV. Philippians 04: 05 Gentleness, Moderation

The fourth step to peace is a strong gentleness. The word *gentleness* (epieikes) is a difficult word to translate into English. It is translated by others as moderation, forbearance, reasonableness, consideration, agreeableness, courtesy, patience and softness. There is a tendency to say that either forbearance or gentleness is the better translation. Barclay says that the word has the idea of justice in it, but that the meaning goes beyond and claims that there is *something better than justice* — a gracious gentleness.

1. Believers are to be gentle and forbearing in dealing with unbelievers. Note the word *all*. The exhortation not only deals with believers within the church, but with unbelievers. Barclay makes an excellent exposition of this point:

The Christian, as Paul sees it, is the man who knows that for him there is something beyond justice. When the woman taken in adultery was brought before Him, Jesus could have applied the letter of the Law, and she should, according to it, have been stoned; but He went beyond justice. As far as justice goes, there is not one of us who deserves anything but the condemnation of God, but God goes far beyond justice. Paul lays it down that the mark of a Christian in his personal relationships with his fellow-men must be that he knows when, and when not, to insist on justice, and that he always remembers that there is something which is beyond justice, and which makes a man like God (The Letters to the Philippians, Colossians, and Thessalonians. p. 94.)

Thought I. The point is well-taken: we must be gentle and forbearing in dealing with unbelievers. The last thing we must do is criticize, condemn, censor, neglect and ignore unbelievers. We must reach out to the world with the gospel and treat them with a *loving gentleness*. We must be gentle, having absolutely nothing to do with harshness. Too many of us are harsh and critical or neglectful and withdrawn. Too many of us are wrapped in the cloak of religion having nothing to do with reaching out to the lost. The desperate need of the hour is for us to reach out with the gospel in a spirit of *love and gentleness*.

- *Eph 4:2* Be completely humble and gentle; be patient, bearing with one another in love.
- Col 3:13 Bear with each other and forgive whatever grievances you may have against one another. Forgive as the Lord forgave you.
- 1 Th 2:7 But we were gentle among you, like a mother caring for her little children.
- 2 Tim 2:24 And the Lord's servant must not quarrel; instead, he must be kind to everyone, able to teach, not resentful.
- *Titus 3:2* To slander no one, to be peaceable and considerate, and to show true humility toward all men.

- James 3:17 But the wisdom that comes from heaven is first of all pure; then peaceloving, considerate, submissive, full of mercy and good fruit, impartial and sincere.
- 2. The reason we must be gentle to men is because the Lord is near, at hand. He is ready to come, and His coming is near. This simply means that when He comes, everyone of us will need Him to treat us with gentleness. We are sinners men and women, boys and girls who sin too often. The Lord will have every right to be critical and condemning of us. Our only hope is that He will be gentle with us. Therefore, we must be gentle with all other men. Only if we are forgiving toward them will the Lord be forgiving toward us.
 - Eph 4:32 Be kind and compassionate to one another, forgiving each other, just as in Christ God forgave you.
 - Mat 6:12 "Forgive us our debts, as we also have forgiven our debtors."
 - Mat 6:14-15 "For if you forgive men when they sin against you, your heavenly Father will also forgive you. But if you do not forgive men their sins, your Father will not forgive your sins."
 - Mark 11:25 "And when you stand praying, if you hold anything against anyone, forgive him, so that your Father in heaven may forgive you your sins."
 - Luke 6:38 "Give, and it will be given to you. A good measure, pressed down, shaken together and running over, will be poured into your lap. For with the measure you use, it will be measured to you."
 - *Luke 17:4* "If he sins against you seven times in a day, and seven times comes back to you and says, 'I repent,' forgive him."

THE STEPS TO PEACE (PART II): PRAYER AND POSITIVE THINKING

PHILIPPIANS 04:06-09

Introduction

Remember we are answering a question — once we possess the peace of God, how do we maintain the peace? (See Phil. 4:1-5.) Once we have made *peace with God*, then the *peace of God* floods our lives. How do we maintain that peace? How do we keep the *peace of God* ruling and reigning within our souls? How do we keep a consciousness of God's very own presence within us — an awareness that the "God of peace" lives within our very being? This passage discusses two of the most important steps to possessing peace. Above all other passages, it tells us how to have peace and how to maintain peace. If we will take these two steps, the peace of God will rule and reign in our hearts and lives. We will never lose our peace or be without peace.

- I. Peace comes through prayer (vv. 6-7).
- II. Peace comes through positive thinking (vv. 8-9).

I. Philippians 04:06–07 Peace Through Prayer

Peace comes through prayer. Note three significant points.

- 1. There is the charge: Do not be *anxious* (merimnate) about anything. The idea is that the believer is not to worry or fret about a single thing. The word *anything* (meden) means all things. Humanly speaking, the Philippians had every reason to worry and be anxious.
- => They were suffering severe persecution (Ph. 1:18-19).
- => They were facing a disturbance in the church, some disunity and quarrelling (Ph. 1:27, 42).
- => They had some carnal members within their fellowship, some members who were prideful, super-spiritual and self-centred (Ph. 2:3-4; 3:12).
- => They were facing some false teachers who had joined their fellowship, and the teachers were fierce in attacking the cross of Christ (Ph. 3: 2-3, 18-19).
- => Some of the believers were having to struggle for the necessities of life: food, clothing and shelter (Ph. 4:19).

There was little else that could confront these dear believers. They were facing about every trial and temptation imaginable, the kind of trouble that arouses anxiety and worry. Humanly, a person is going to fret, worry and suffer anxiety...

- when he is either about to lose or lacks food, clothing or shelter
- when he is persecuted, ridiculed, abused or threatened
- when he is surrounded by quarrels, disturbance, carnality or false teaching

In the midst of such circumstances, the only way a person can keep from worrying is to receive an injection of supernatural power.

This is the very point of Scripture. There is an answer to worry and anxiety, a supernatural answer: the peace of God. God will *enable* the believer to conquer worry and anxiety. God will overcome the trials of life for the believer, no matter how terrible and pressuring they may be. God will infuse the believer with peace — with the very peace of God Himself — a peace so great and so wonderful that it carries the believer right through the trial. Of course, this does not mean the believer is not to be concerned about the problems of life. He is, but there is a difference between concern, anxiety and worry. Concern drives us to arise and tackle the problems of life with an indomitable courage and diligence. Concern drives us to tackle and conquer all that we can handle. Anxiety and worry cause all kinds of problems...

- fear to act
- quick, unplanned action
- withdrawal
- unwise and harmful decisions
- hesitation
- physical sickness and infirmities
- cowardice
- emotional problems
- depression
- spiritual backsliding
- discouragement
- distrust and unbelief
- a defeatist attitude

Of course the list could go on and on, but the point to see is the seriousness of anxiety and worry. Just take a moment and think about a few of the above problems: how anxiety and worry cause a person to act and suffer. The seriousness is easily seen. We all know people who suffer greatly because of anxiety and worry; they simply lack the peace of God. Yet, the charge of Scripture is forceful: Do not be anxious about anything, not even for a single thing.

Mat 6:31-33 "So do not worry, saying, 'What shall we eat?' or 'What shall we drink?' or 'What shall we wear?' For the pagans [unbelievers] run after all these things, and your heavenly Father knows that you need them. But seek first his kingdom and his righteousness, and all these things will be given to you as well."

Luke 10:41 "Martha, Martha," the Lord answered, "you are worried and upset about many things."

Luke 12:29 "And do not set your heart on what you will eat or drink; do not worry about it."

Luke 21:34 "Be careful, or your hearts will be weighed down with dissipation, drunkenness and the anxieties of life, and that day will close on you unexpectedly like a trap."

- **Phil 4:6-7** Do not be anxious about anything, but in everything, by prayer and petition, with thanksgiving, present your requests to God. And the peace of God, which transcends all understanding, will guard your hearts and your minds in Christ Jesus.
- Heb 13:5 Keep your lives free from the love of money and be content with what you have, because God has said, "Never will I leave you; never will I forsake you."
- 1 Pet 5:7 Cast all your anxiety on him because he cares for you.
- 2. The remedy for anxiety and worry: prayer. The four words used for prayer show exactly how prayer is the answer to anxiety and worry.
- => The word *prayer* (<u>proseuche</u>) refers to the special times of prayer that we share in periods of devotion and worship. We are to have set times for prayer, times that we especially set aside for devotion and worship.
- => The word *petition* (deesis) refers to the prayers that focus upon special needs. We feel a deep, intense need, therefore, we go before God and *petition Him*, that is, pour out our soul to God. Need great need confronts us, and the only possible help and deliverance is God. Therefore, we come and lay our need before Him as a child: crying, pleading and begging for His help, comfort, deliverance and peace.
- => The word *thanksgiving* (eucharistia) means that we thank and praise God for all that He is and for all that He has done for us.
- => The word *requests* (<u>aitemata</u>) means specific and definite requests. Our praying is not to be general, but specific. We are to lay before God exactly what is needed and we are not to fear that we are being too detailed with God or bothering God. Neither are we to hold back from asking because we fear He will not answer something so specific. Too often believers fear not receiving the answer to a specific request, fear that it will show how weak they are spiritually if the request is not granted.
 - Note what Scripture says: "In everything" pray like this use all four ways of praying and use them in praying for everything. This means two things.
- a. We are to walk in God live, move and have our being in Him and we do this *by prayer*. We live and move in God through prayer. We pray "in everything" all day long as we walk and move about our daily affairs.
- => We *pray* in times that are specifically set aside for devotion and worship.
- => We *petition* struggle in prayer when facing times of deep and intense need.
- => We offer *thanksgiving* (and praise) all day long as we walk and move about.
- => We offer our *requests* specific requests to God. We ask Him to do definite things as we walk throughout the day.

As stated, we walk in God — live, move and have our being in Him; and the way we do this is through prayer.

b. We are to pray about every thing no matter how small and insignificant it may seem. God is interested in the details of our lives, in the most minute details. He wants us acknowledging Him in *all our ways* or steps because He wants to care and look after every single step.

Now picture the scene: we are walking throughout the day, sharing with God every step of the way, and God is taking care of every step of the way. What then can take the peace of God away from us? Absolutely nothing! For as we walk in prayer and fellowship with God, God is infusing us with His presence and peace. No matter the conflict or trial, we are continuing to share with God and God is continuing to infuse us with His peace. Through prayer He is giving us the peace to conquer and walk through the trial. Our relationship with God and His peace is unbroken.

Mat 7:7 "Ask and it will be given to you; seek and you will find; knock and the door will be opened to you."

Mat 26:41 "Watch and pray so that you will not fall into temptation. The spirit is willing, but the body is weak."

Luke 18:1 Then Jesus told his disciples a parable to show them that they should always pray and not give up.

Luke 21:36 "Be always on the watch, and pray that you may be able to escape all that is about to happen, and that you may be able to stand before the Son of Man."

Eph 6:18 And pray in the Spirit on all occasions with all kinds of prayers and requests. With this in mind, be alert and always keep on praying for all the saints.

1 Th 5:17 Pray continually.

- 3. The promise: peace. Peace (eirene) means to be bound, joined and woven together. It means to be assured, confident and secure in the love and care of God. It means to have a sense, a consciousness, a knowledge that God will...
 - provide
 deliver
 guide
 encourage
 - strengthen
 save
 sustain
 give real life both now and forever

A person can experience the peace of God only as he walks and moves about in prayer. Why? Because only God can *deliver man* through the most severe circumstances and tragedies of life; only God can *infuse assurance and security* within the human soul. The wonderful promise about the peace of God is twofold.

a. First, the peace of God transcends all understanding. It is beyond anything we can ask or think. It transcends all our imaginations. Think of the most terrible situation you can imagine; then think of the peace you would want as you went through that trial. In actual experience, the peace of God is far greater than anything you could ever imagine or understand. The peace of God actually carries the faithful believer through the very midst of trial and tribulation.

- b. Second, the peace of God guards our hearts and minds. The term *will guard* (<u>phrouresei</u>) is a military term meaning to garrison, to keep guard and protect. The peace of God is like a most elite soldier who guards and protects the most precious possession of God; the believer's heart and mind.
 - However, note that God can keep us only as we are "in Christ Jesus." We can know the peace of God only if we have trusted Christ as our Lord and Saviour and only if we walk in fellowship with Him. To be in Christ means to walk in Christ to live, move and have our being in Him.
 - John 14:27 "Peace I leave with you; my peace I give you. I do not give to you as the world gives. Do not let your hearts be troubled and do not be afraid."
 - John 16:33 "I have told you these things, so that in me you may have peace. In this world you will have trouble. But take heart! I have overcome the world."
 - **Rom 5:1** Therefore, since we have been justified through faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ.
 - **Rom 8:6** The mind of sinful man is death, but the mind controlled by the Spirit is life and peace.
 - Rom 14:17 For the kingdom of God is not a matter of eating and drinking, but of righteousness, peace and joy in the Holy Spirit.
 - *Gal* 5:22 But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness,
 - Gal 5:23 Gentleness and self-control. Against such things there is no law.
 - *Isa* 26:3 You will keep in perfect peace him whose mind is steadfast, because he trusts in you.
 - **Psa 29:11** The Lord gives strength to his people; the Lord blesses his people with peace.

II. Philippians 04:08–09 Peace and Positive Thinking

Peace comes through positive thinking. The word *think* (<u>logizesthe</u>) means to consider, reflect, reason and ponder. The idea is that of focusing our thoughts until they shape our behaviour. The truth is:

- => what we think is what we become.
- => where we have kept our minds is where we are.
- => our thoughts shape our behaviour.
- => what we do is what we think.

William Barclay says, "...it is a law of life that, if a man thinks of something often enough and long enough, he will come to the stage when he cannot stop thinking about it. His thoughts will be quite literally in a groove out of which he cannot jerk them" (*The Letters to the Philippians, Colossians, and Thessalonians*, p. 97).

A person who centres his thoughts upon the world and its things will live for the world and its things: money, wealth, lands, property, houses, possessions, position, power, recognition, honour, social standing, fame and a host of other worldly pursuits. Very simply stated, a person who centres his thoughts...

- upon the flesh (sinful nature) and its lusts will live to satisfy the flesh (sinful nature) through such things as pride, self, greed, pleasure and sex.
- upon the eyes and its lusts will live to satisfy the eyes and its lusts through such things as the immoral, pornographic filth flaunted in magazines, films, books and television; the exposing of the human body; dressing to attract attention; looking a second time.
- upon the pride of life, all that he personally has and does will live to satisfy such things as the desire for recognition, honour, position and authority.

A mind set upon the world and the flesh (sinful nature) is what leads to anxiety and worry, emptiness and restlessness. This was the stress of the former point (v. 6-7). A worldly mind never knows peace — not true peace, not the peace of God. God will just never allow a worldly mind to have peace, for it is the restlessness of the human soul that He uses to reach men for salvation.

The point is this: when a person accepts Jesus Christ, his mind is made new by the Spirit of God.

Rom 12:2 Do not conform any longer to the pattern of this world, but be transformed by the renewing of your mind. Then you will be able to test and approve what God's will is — his good, pleasing and perfect will.

Eph 4:23-24 To be made new in the attitude of your minds; and to put on the new self, created to be like God in true righteousness and holiness.

Col 3:10 And have put on the new self, which is being renewed in knowledge in the image of its Creator.

Once a person has been converted to Christ and becomes a new person, he is to focus his thoughts upon the good things of life and upon God. He is to give his mind to *positive thinking*. In fact, he is to think only positive thoughts. The believer is never to allow an immoral, fleshly, worldly, selfish, sinful or evil thought to enter his mind. There is never to be a negative thought whatsoever in the mind of the believer. Sinful and negative thoughts disrupt and destroy peace. For this reason, the believer is to struggle to conquer his mind and thoughts. He is to exert every cell of energy possible to captivate and control every thought. What we think is so important that God tells us what we are to think.

- 1. The charge is to think and practice positive thinking.
- a. "Whatever is true" (alethe): real and genuine.

Many things in the world seems to be true, but they are not; they are false and deceptive, an illusion and a counterfeit. They seem to offer peace, but what they offer is a deceptive, a counterfeit peace — only escapism. We are to keep our minds upon things that are true, and we are to live lives that are true to both men and God. When our thoughts and lives are centred upon true things, peace comes to the human heart.

- b. "Whatever is *noble*" (semna): honourable, worthy, revered, highly respected and noble. Barclay says: "The word really describes that which has the dignity of holiness upon it. There are things in this world which are flippant and cheap, things which are attractive to the light-minded; but it is on the things which are grave and serious and dignified that the Christian will set his mind" (*The Letters to the Philippians*, *Colossians, and Thessalonians*. p. 98).
- c. "Whatever is *right*" (diakia): right and righteous behaviour. It has to do with right behaviour toward man and God.
 - The believer is to keep his thoughts upon his duty toward men and God upon doing what is right toward both. Man is to be a responsible being while on earth. He is responsible for the earth and his fellow human beings, and he is to be held accountable by God for both. Therefore, he is not to focus his thoughts upon comfort and selfish pleasures and pursuits. He is to focus his thoughts upon the things that are *right and righteous*. He owes his thoughts and mind to the world and to his fellow men and especially to God. He owes whatever contribution he can make to the world and to God. A mind filled with *right* (*righteous*) thoughts will know peace.
- d. "Whatever is *pure*" (<u>hagna</u>): morally clean, spotless, stainless, chaste, undefiled, free from moral pollution, filth, dirt and impurities.
 - The believer's mind and thoughts are to be pure every thought.
- e. "Whatever is *lovely*" (<u>prosphile</u>): pleasing, winsome, kind, gracious; things that excite love and kindness.
 - The believer's thoughts are not to be thoughts of unkindness and meanness, grumbling and murmuring, criticism and reaction. The believer's thoughts are to be focused upon things that are lovely that build people up, not tear them down.
- f. "Whatever is *admirable*" (<u>euphema</u>): reputable, high-toned, worthy things; things of the highest quality.
 - The believer is to think only upon worthy things. He is not to fill his mind with junk; he is not to listen to *bad reports*, no matter how *juicy* they man seem. Neither is he to fill his mind with junk, whether through rumour, radio, television, music, off-coloured jokes, or by whatever source. His thoughts are to be focused only upon worthy things only upon that which is of *good report*.
- g. "If anything is excellent or praiseworthy [in any thought], think about such things." Positive thinking is the answer to peace for the Christian believer.

- 2. The source or power for positive thinking is twofold.
- a. There is the Word of God. Paul says that he had preached and taught the very virtues of positive thinking to the Philippians and that they had learned them. What Paul had preached and taught was the will of God; therefore, the source or power for positive thinking comes from the Word of God. It is in the Word of God that a person finds the things that are to fill his mind. His thoughts are to be upon the teachings of God's Word.
 - **Col 3:16** Let the word of Christ dwell in you richly as you teach and admonish one another with all wisdom, and as you sing psalms, hymns and spiritual songs with gratitude in your hearts to God.
 - **2 Tim 3:16** All Scripture is God-breathed and is useful for teaching, rebuking, correcting and training in righteousness.
 - **Heb 4:12** For the word of God is living and active. Sharper than any double-edged sword, it penetrates even to dividing soul and spirit, joints and marrow; it judges the thoughts and attitudes of the heart.
 - **Psa 19:8** The precepts of the Lord are right, giving joy to the heart. The commands of the Lord are radiant, giving light to the eyes.
 - **Psa 119:9** How can a young man keep his way pure? By living according to your word.
 - **Psa 119:11** I have hidden your word in my heart that 1 might not sin against you.
 - **Psa 119:105** Your word is a lamp to my feet and a light for my path.
- b. There are noble examples. Paul says that he lived as a testimony before the Philippians. Therefore, they could follow his example because he kept his thoughts and life upon the very virtues of positive thinking.
 - **Phil 3:17** Join with others in following my example, brothers, and take note of those who live according to the pattern we gave you.
 - 2 Th 3:7 For you yourselves know how you ought to follow our example. We were not idle when we were with you.
 - 2 Tim 1:13 What you heard from me, keep as the pattern of sound teaching, with faith and love in Christ Jesus.
 - 2 Tim 3:10 You, however, know all about my teaching, my way of life, my purpose, faith, patience, love, endurance.
- 3. There is the energy and power of self-effort and discipline. Note the words, "Whatever you have learned...put it into practice." The believer is expected to control and discipline his mind. He is to struggle against all sinful and negative thoughts, and fight to think only positive thoughts. Note the result of positive thinking: the God of peace will be with the believer.

- **Rom 8:5** Those who live according to the sinful nature have their minds set on what that nature desires; but those who live in accordance with the Spirit have their minds set on what the Spirit desires.
- **Rom 12:2** Do not conform any longer to the pattern of this world, but be transformed by the renewing of your mind. Then you will be able to test and approve what God's will is his good, pleasing and perfect will.
- 1 Cor 2:16 "For who has known the mind of the Lord that he may instruct him?" But we have the mind of Christ.
- **2** Cor 10:5 We demolish arguments and every pretension that sets itself up against the knowledge of God, and we take captive every thought to make it obedient to Christ.
- **Phil 4:8** Finally, brothers, whatever is true, whatever is noble, whatever is right, whatever is pure, whatever is lovely, whatever is admirable if anything is excellent or praiseworthy think about such things.
- **Eph 4:23-24** To be made new in the attitude of your minds; and to put on the new self, created to be like God in true righteousness and holiness.
- *Isa 26:3* You will keep in perfect peace him whose mind is steadfast, because he trusts in you. ■