ACTS 23:08 SADDUCEES

The Sadducees were the religious and political liberals of Christ's day. They were the wealthy, the aristocratic, the governing class of leaders in Israel. Many Sadducees served on the nation's governing body, the Sanhedrin. The Chief Priest himself was usually a Sadducee who presided over the Sanhedrin. The Sanhedrin ruled the people on behalf of the Roman empire (Acts 4:1-2; 5:17). The Romans readily saw to it that the Sadducees held the positions of leadership in the nation, for the Sadducees favoured Greek customs over Jewish customs. And they aided the Romans in doing away with religious practices and instituting Greek and Roman customs (Hellenism).

They are thought to have arisen out of the same struggle as the Pharisees around B.C. 175. However, they were always the fewest in number among the various sects of Jewish belief.

Several things should be noted.

- 1. The Sadducees were secular and materialistic minded. They were the independent thinkers, the rationalists of their day.
- They were heavily entrenched in the priesthood of Jesus' day (see Acts. 4:1-2; 5:17). They readily collaborated with the Roman government in order to protect their position, power and wealth.
- 3. For the most part they denied the supernatural: the resurrection and miracles, life after death, and the existence of beings in other dimensions such as angels and spirits (Mt. 22:23; Acts 23:8). To them there was no heaven or hell, no existence whatsoever except on this earth. A man died and was annihilated, just ceased to exist. There was no such thing as rewards or punishment in an afterlife, no eternal life. □