# THE GREAT PURPOSE OF THE SIGNS OR WONDERFUL WORKS OF JESUS

JOHN 20:30-31

#### Introduction

Note two significant facts as an introduction to this passage. First, it is quite clear that the gospel writers did not include all that Jesus did in their gospels. In fact, they recorded very few of the signs. Contrary to what is usually thought, Jesus was apparently ministering and meeting the needs of multitudes every day — from sunrise until sundown.

Second, note the use of the word "signs." In talking about Jesus' life, the word "signs" is chosen by John. All that Jesus was and did were signs — signs demonstrating that He was the Messiah, the Son of God. In these two verses, John gives the great purpose of the signs.

- I. The great fact: Jesus did many signs or wonderful works (v. 30).
- II. The great purpose of John in his Gospel: to select a few signs that would lead to belief (v. 31).
- III. The great result: life (v. 31).

#### I. John 20:30 The Signs of the Ministry of Jesus Christ

The great fact, Jesus did many other signs that are not recorded in this gospel by John. He did many wonderful things. He was busy every day, actively involved either in worshipping God alone or in teaching and ministering to people. For about three years, Jesus was constantly demonstrating that He was the Messiah, the Son of God. He gave all the evidence in the world:

=> acts of love and purity => acts of righteousness and justice

=> works of mercy and compassion => works of miracles and power

=> works of godliness and sovereignty => words of truth and salvation

=> words of peace and faith => words of hope and joy

=> words of morality and discipline => words of commitment and self-denial

The point is that Jesus' life — His character and behaviour, His preaching and teaching, His miracles and power — proves that He is the Messiah, the Son of God. No man could do the things He did unless He were the Son of God. Who He was and what He did prove it.

Note that Jesus did not do the signs in secret, that is, out in a desert or off in a corner of the world. He did them out in the open, publicly. John said He did the signs in the presence of His disciples. They witnessed the signs, for Jesus saw to it that there was adequate witness and testimony. Note what John says in his epistle:

1 John 1:1-4 That which was from the beginning, which we have heard, which we have seen with our eyes, which we have looked at and our hands have touched — this

we proclaim concerning the Word of life. The life appeared; we have seen it and testify to it, and we proclaim to you the eternal life, which was with the Father and has appeared to us. We proclaim to you what we have seen and heard, so that you also may have fellowship with us. And our fellowship is with the Father and with his Son, Jesus Christ. We write this to make our joy complete.

1 Cor 15:44 It is sown a natural body, it is raised a spiritual body. If there is a natural body, there is also a spiritual body.

1 Cor 15:50 I declare to you, brothers, that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God, nor does the perishable inherit the imperishable.

Acts 13:36 "For when David had served God's purpose in his own generation, he fell asleep; he was buried with his fathers and his body decayed."

Acts 13:37 But the one whom God raised from the dead did not see decay.

1 Cor 15:42 So will it be with the resurrection of the dead. The body that is sown is perishable, it is raised imperishable.

**2** Cor 5:1 Now we know that if the earthly tent we live in is destroyed, we have a building from God, an eternal house in heaven, not built by human hands.

2 Cor 5:2 Meanwhile we groan, longing to be clothed with our heavenly dwelling.

Note one other fact: John says that he has been highly selective in the signs he has chosen to record in his gospel. There were "many" signs which Jesus gave; so many in fact, "I suppose that even the whole world itself would not have room for the books that would be written" (Jn. 21:25). John selected only a few signs to record. He had a specific purpose in mind, so he chose a few signs that would help meet that purpose.

### II. John 20:31 The Purpose of the Gospel of John

The great purpose of John was to select a few signs that would lead men to believe. (see *Believe*, Jn. 2:24.) Every point in John's purpose is already footnoted and covered in John's gospel. Referring to these notes will give the discussion of this passage.

- 1. Jesus is the Messiah (see *Christ, Messiah*, Jn. 1:20; see *Jesus, King of Israel*, Jn. 1:49; Also John 3:27-28; 12:12-19; 13:36-38; 20:25-28).
- 2. Jesus is the Son of God (see *Jesus Christ, Son of God*, Jn. 1:1-5; Also John 1:1-2; 1:30-31, 1:34).

# III. John 20:31 Life Through Jesus' Name

The great result is life through Jesus' name (see *Life, Jesus Christ*, Jn. 1:4; *Jesus Christ*, *Purpose, Life*, 10:10; *Eternal Life*, 17:2-3).

#### JOHN 01: 20 JESUS CHRIST, THE MESSIAH

He did not fail to confess, but confessed freely, "I am not the Christ."

John 01:20

The words *Christ* (christos) and "Messiah" are the same word. Messiah is the Hebrew word and Christ is the Greek word. Both words refer to the same person and mean the same thing: *the anointed one*. The Messiah is the anointed one of God. Mathew said Jesus "is called Christ" (Mt. 1:16); that is, He is recognized as *the anointed one of God*, the Messiah Himself.

In the day of Jesus Christ, people feverishly panted for the coming of the long-promised Messiah. The weight of life was harsh, hard, and impoverishing. Under the Romans, people felt that God could not wait much longer to fulfill His promise. Such longings for deliverance left the people gullible. Many arose who claimed to be the Messiah and led the gullible followers into rebellion against the Roman state. The insurrectionist Barabbas, who was set free in the place of Jesus at Jesus' trial, is an example (Mk. 15:6f).

The Messiah was thought to be several things.

- 1. *Nationally*, He was to be the leader from David's line who would free the Jewish state and establish it as an independent nation, leading it to be the greatest nation the world had ever known.
- 2. *Militarily*, He was to be a great military leader who would lead Jewish armies victoriously over all the world.
- 3. *Religiously*, He was to be a supernatural figure straight from God who would bring righteousness over all the earth.
- 4. *Personally*, He was to be the One who would bring peace to the whole world.

Jesus Christ accepted the title of Messiah on three different occasions (Mt. 16:17; Mk. 14:61; Jn. 4:26). The name *Jesus* shows Him to be man. The name *Christ* shows Him to be God's anointed, God's very own Son. *Christ* is Jesus' official title. It identifies Him officially as Prophet (Deu. 18:15-19), Priest (Psa. 110:4) and King (2 Sam. 7:12-13). These officials were always anointed with oil, a symbol of the Holy Spirit who was to perfectly anoint the Christ, the Messiah (Mt. 3:16; Mk. 1:10-11; Lk. 3:21-22; Jn. 1:32-33).

John 1:41 The first thing Andrew did was to find his brother Simon and tell him, "We have found the Messiah" (that is, the Christ).

**John 1:45** Philip found Nathanael and told him, "We have found the one Moses wrote about in the Law, and about whom the prophets also wrote — Jesus of Nazareth, the son of Joseph."

John 1:49 Then Nathanael declared, "Rabbi, you are the Son of God; you are the King of Israel."

John 4:25 The woman said, "I know that Messiah (called Christ) is coming. When he comes, he will explain everything to us."

John 4:26 Then Jesus declared, "I who speak to you am he."

John 6:69 "We believe and know that you are the Holy One of God."

John 11:25 Jesus said to her, "I am the resurrection and the life. He who believes in me will live, even though he dies."

John 11:26 "And whoever lives and believes in me will never die. Do you believe this?"

*John 11:27* "Yes, Lord," she told him, "I believe that you are the Christ, the Son of God, who was to come into the world." □

### JOHN 01:49 JESUS CHRIST, KING OF ISRAEL

Then Nathanael declared, "Rabbi, You are the Son of God; you are the King of Israel." John 01:49

Jesus was declared to be the Messianic King. God had given to David and his seed (the Messiah) the promise of eternal government (2 Sam. 7:12; Psa. 39:3f; 132:11).

Note how often Jesus was called the son of David. (Mt. 12:23; 15:22; 20:30-31: 21:9, 15; Acts 2:29-36; Rom. 1:3; 2 Tim. 2:8; Rev. 22:16.) It was the common title and popular concept of the Messiah. Generation after generation of Jews had ached and looked for the promised deliverer of Israel. The people expected Him to be a great general who would deliver and restore the nation to its greatness. In fact, they expected Him to make the nation the centre of universal rule. He would, under God, conquer the world and centre the glory and majesty of God Himself in Jerusalem; and from His throne, the throne of David, He would execute *the Messianic fire of judgment* upon the nations and peoples of the world.

# JOHN 01:01–05 JESUS CHRIST, THE SON OF GOD

The *Word* (logos) is Jesus Christ. John faced a serious problem in writing to the Gentiles, that is, the non-Jewish world. Most Gentiles had never heard of the Messiah or Saviour who was expected by the Jews. The idea was foreign to them. However, the Messiah was the very centre of Christianity. How was John going to present Christ so that a Gentile could understand?

The answer lay in the idea of the *Word*, for the *Word* was understood by both Gentile and Jew.

- 1. The Jews saw a word as something more than a mere sound. A word was something active and existing. It was power it possessed the power to express something, to do something. This is seen in the many Old Testament references where *The Word of God* was seen as the creative power of God, the power that made the world and gave light and life to every man (Gen. 1:3, 6, 11; Psa. 33:6; 107:20; 147:15; Isa. 55:11).
- 2. The Gentiles or Greeks saw the *Word* more philosophically.
- a. When they looked at the world of nature, they saw that things were not chaotic, but orderly. Everything had its place and moved or grew in an orderly fashion, including the stars above and the vegetation below. Therefore, the Greeks said that behind the world was a mind, a reason, a power that made and kept things in their proper place. This creative and sustaining mind, this supreme reason, this unlimited power was said to be the *Word*.
- b. The *Word* was also seen as the power that enabled men to think and reason. It was the power that brought light and understanding to man's mind, enabling him to express his confused thoughts in an orderly fashion.
- c. More importantly, the *Word* was the power by which men came into contact with God and expressed their feelings to God.
- 3. John utilized this common idea of the Jews and Gentiles to proclaim that Jesus Christ was the *Word*. John saw that a word is the expression of an idea, a thought, an image in the mind of a person. He saw that a word describes what is in the mind of a person. Thus, he proclaimed that in the life of Jesus Christ, God was speaking to the world, speaking and demonstrating just what He wanted to say to man. John said three things.
- a. God has given us much more than mere words in the Holy Scriptures. God has given us Jesus Christ, The Word. As The Word, Jesus Christ was the picture, the expression, the pattern, the very image of what God wished to say to man. The very image within God's mind of the Ideal Man was demonstrated in the life of Jesus Christ. Jesus Christ was the perfect expression of all that God wishes man to be. Jesus Christ was God's utterance, God's speech, God's Word to man. Jesus Christ was the Word of God who came down to earth in human flesh to bring man into a face-to-face relationship with God (vv. 1-2). Jesus was the *Word of God who came to earth to live out the written Word of God*.

- b. Jesus Christ is the Mind, the Reason, the Power that both made and keeps things in their proper order. He is the creative and sustaining Mind, the Supreme Reason, the unlimited Power (v. 3).
- c. Jesus Christ is the Light, the Illumination, the Power that penetrates the darkness of the world. He, the Life and Light of the world, is what makes sense of the world and enables men to understand the world (vv. 4-5). □

# JOHN 01:04 "IN CHRIST WAS LIFE"

"In Him was life, and that life was the light of men." John 01:04

The simple statement "in Christ was life" means at least three things.

- 1. Life is the quality and essence, the energy and power, the force and principle of being. Christ is life; He is...
  - the very quality of life
- the very essence of life
- the very energy of life
- the very power of life
- the very force of life
- the very principle of life

Without Christ, there would be no life whatsoever. Life is in Him, within His very being. All things exist and have their being (life) in Him.

- 2. Life is purpose, meaning, and significance of being. Christ is life; He is...
  - the very purpose of life.
  - the very meaning of life.
  - the very significance of life.
- 3. Life is perfection. Life is all that a man must be and possess in order to live perfectly. This is what is meant by life. Life is completeness of being, absolute satisfaction, the fullness of all good, and the possession of all good things. Life is perfect love, joy, peace, long-suffering, gentleness, goodness, faith, meekness and self-control (Gal. 5:22-23).

Whatever life is and all that life is, is all in Jesus Christ. Even the legitimate cravings of man that are sometimes entangled with evil — such as power, fame and wealth — are all included in the life given by Jesus Christ. Those who partake of His life shall reign forever as kings and priests (Lk. 16:10-12). This is the very thing that is distinctive about life — it is eternal. It lasts forever and it is rewarding. It will eventually exalt the believer to the highest life and place and position. (Rev. 21:1f.)

Jesus Christ is the source of life: He is the way to life, and He is the truth of life. He is the very substance of life, its very being and energy (Jn. 5:26; 1 Jn. 1:2). □

#### JOHN 10:10 LIFE IN JESUS CHRIST

"The thief comes only to steal and kill and destroy; I have come that they may have life, and have it to the full." John 10:10

Life is one of the great words of the Scriptures. The word *life* (<u>zoe</u>) and the verb *to live* or *to have life* (<u>zen</u>) have a depth of meaning.

- 1. Life is the energy, the force, the power of being.
- 2. Life is the opposite of perishing. It is deliverance from condemnation and death. It is the stopping or cessation of deterioration, decay, and corruption (Jn. 3:16: 5:24, 29; 10:28).
- 3. Life is *eternal* (aionios). It is forever. It is the very life of God Himself (Jn. 17:3). However, eternal life does not refer just to duration. Living forever would be a curse for some persons. The idea of eternal life is also quality, a certain kind of life, a life that consistently knows love, joy, peace, power, and responsibility.
- 4. Life is satisfaction (Jn. 6:35).
- 5. Life is security and enjoyment (Jn. 10:10).
- 6. Life is found only in God. God is the source and author of life, and it is God who has appointed Jesus Christ to bring life to man. Jesus Christ gives the very life of God Himself (Jn. 5:26; 6:27, 40; 10:28; 17:23).
- 7. Life has now been revealed. It has been unveiled and is clearly seen in Jesus Christ. Jesus Christ shows man what life is (Jn. 1:4-5; 5:26; 1 Jn. 1:2).
- 8. Life only comes to a man by believing in Jesus Christ. A man outside Jesus Christ only exists. He merely has the existence of an animal. Real life is found only in God. This is to be expected and it is logically true, for God is the creator of life. As the creator of life, He alone knows what life really is and what it is supposed to be (Jn. 3:36; 5:24; 6:47). This is the reason He sent His Son, the Lord Jesus Christ, into the world: to show men what life is. When a person looks at Jesus Christ, he sees exactly what life is, exactly what it involves (Gal. 5:22-23):

=> love => patience => faithfulness => joy => kindness => gentleness => peace => goodness => self-control □

### JOHN 17:02–03 ETERNAL LIFE (AINIOS)

"For you granted him authority over all people that he might give eternal life to all those you have given him. Now this is eternal life: that they may know you, the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom you have sent."

John 17:02-03

Life, real life. It is the very life of God Himself. It is the very energy, force, being, essence, principle and power of life. It has more to do with quality and with what life really is than with duration. To live forever in the present world is not necessarily a good thing. The world and man's body need changing. That changed life is found only in eternal life. The only being who can be said to be eternal is God. Therefore, life — supreme life — is found only in God. To possess eternal life is to know God. Once a person knows God and Jesus Christ whom He has sent, that person has eternal life — he shall live forever. But more essential, the person has the supreme quality of life, the very life of God Himself.

- John 3:14-15 "Just as Moses lifted up the snake in the desert, so the Son of Man must be lifted up, that everyone who believes in him may have eternal life."
- John 5:24"I tell you the truth, whoever hears my word and believes him who sent me has eternal life and will not be condemned; he has crossed over from death to life."
- John 6:40 "For my Father's will is that everyone who looks to the Son and believes in him shall have eternal life, and I will raise him up at the last day."
- John 3:36 "Whoever believes in the Son has eternal life, but whoever rejects the Son will not see life, for God's wrath remains on him."
- John 11:25-28 Jesus said to her, "I am the resurrection and the life. He who believes in me will live, even though he dies; and whoever lives and believes in me will never die. Do you believe this?" "Yes, Lord," she told him, "I believe that you are the Christ, the Son of God, who was to come into the world." And after she had said this, she went back and called her sister Mary aside. "The Teacher is here," she said, "and is asking for you."
- John 12:25 "The man who loves his life will lose it, while the man who hates his life in this world will keep it for eternal life."
- Rom 5:21 So that, just as sin reigned in death, so also grace might reign through righteousness to bring eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord.
- Gal 6:8 The one who sows to please his sinful nature, from that nature will reap destruction; the one who sows to please the Spirit, from the Spirit will reap eternal life.

2 Tim 1:10 But it has now been revealed through the appearing of our Saviour, Christ Jesus, who has destroyed death and has brought life and immortality to light through the gospel.

1 John 3:14 We know that we have passed from death to life, because we love our brothers. Anyone who does not love remains in death.

*1 In 5:11-12* And this is the testimony: God has given us eternal life, and this life is in his Son. He who has the Son has life; he who does not have the Son of God does not have life. □